Course Overview

Computational Geometry, Fall 2020-2021

Dan Halperin

Tel Aviv University

Slides overview

- Central predicate: the orientation test
- Course mechanics
- Team
- CG challenge
- Bird's eye view of selected topics
- Convex hull in 3D

Credits

- some figures are taken from Computational Geometry Algorithms and Applications by de Berg et al [CGAA]
- the original figures are available at the book's site: www.cs.uu.nl/geobook/

The orientation test

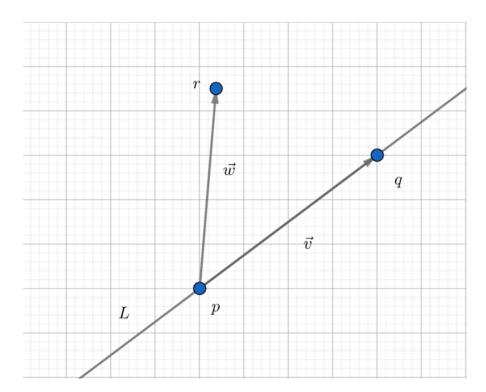
A central predicate, the planar case

Orientation test

• given three points in the plane p,q,r, consider the line L through p and q oriented from p to q

• orientation (or side-of-line) test: is r to the left of L, on L, or to the

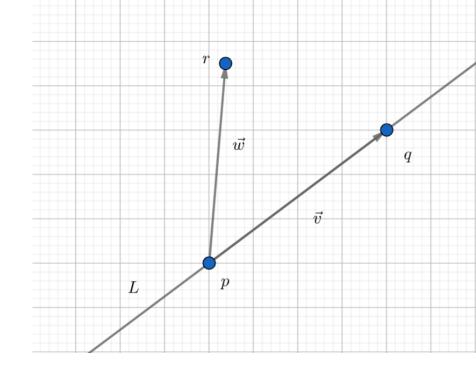
right of L?



Orientation test, cont'd

the vector product of \vec{v} and \vec{w} :

$$\begin{vmatrix} \hat{i} & \hat{j} & \hat{k} \\ v_x & v_y & 0 \\ w_x & w_y & 0 \end{vmatrix} = (v_x w_y - v_y w_x) \hat{k}$$

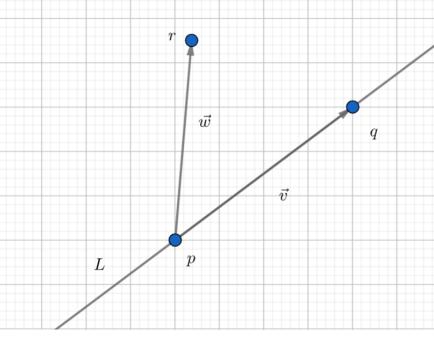


$$\vec{v} = q - p \implies v_x = q_x - p_x, \quad v_y = q_y - p_y$$

 $\vec{w} = r - p \implies w_x = r_x - p_x, \quad w_y = r_y - p_y$

$$(v_x w_y - v_y w_x) = (q_x - p_x)(r_y - p_y) - (q_y - p_y)(r_x - p_x) \equiv \Delta(p, q, r)$$

Orientation test, cont'd



if $\Delta(p,q,r) > 0$ then r is to the **left** of L(p,q)

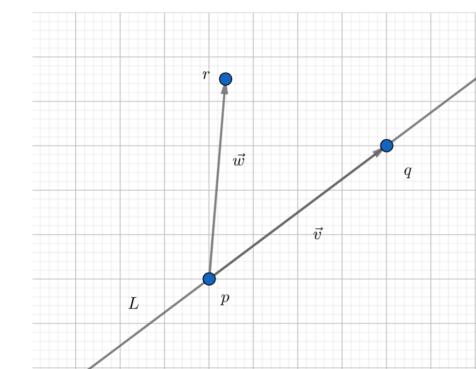
if $\Delta(p, q, r) = 0$ then r is **on** of L(p, q)

if $\Delta(p,q,r) < 0$ then r is to the **right** of L(p,q)

GeoGebra

Orientation test, equivalent formulation

$$\begin{vmatrix} \hat{i} & \hat{j} & \hat{k} \\ v_x & v_y & 0 \\ w_x & w_y & 0 \end{vmatrix} = \begin{vmatrix} p_x & p_y & 1 \\ q_x & q_y & 1 \\ r_x & r_y & 1 \end{vmatrix}$$



Orientation test in higher dimensions

• in 3D: on which side of the *oriented plane* H(p,q,r) does the point s lie?

$$\begin{vmatrix} p_x & p_y & p_z & 1 \\ q_x & q_y & q_z & 1 \\ r_x & r_y & r_z & 1 \\ s_x & s_y & s_z & 1 \end{vmatrix} >, <, = 0?$$

• in \mathbb{R}^d : on which side of an oriented hyperplane containing d points does another point lie? the determinant of a $d+1\times d+1$ matrix

Course mechanics

Assignments, theory

- Mandatory! You must submit all the assignments and get a passing grade in each set in order to take the exam
- Five (or four) assignment sets throughout the semester
- Submission via Moodle
- Typed submissions preferred
- It is OK to discuss the assignments with others
- You must write down yourself the solution to each assignment
- The assignment grade is 10% of the final grade and only if it improves the final grade (מגן)

Programming project, optional

- Will be announced soon
- Large scale
- Can be worked out in pairs
- The project grade is 15% of the final grade and only if it improves the final grade (מגן)

Final grade composition

- 90% final exam
- 10% assignments

or

- 75% final exam
- 15% programming project
- 10% assignments

Course website

http://acg.cs.tau.ac.il/courses/computational-geometry/Fall%202020-2021/CG-Fall-2020-21

- assignments
- bibliography
- brief lesson summary
- additional information

Course team

• Instructor: Dan Halperin

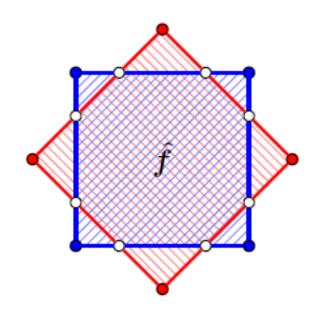
• TA: Michal Kleinbort

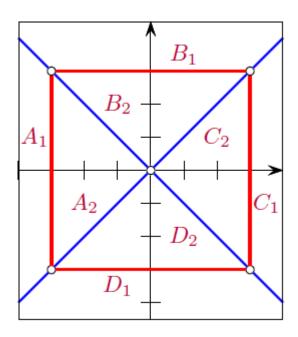
• Grader: Tomer Even

Selected topics

Bird's eye view

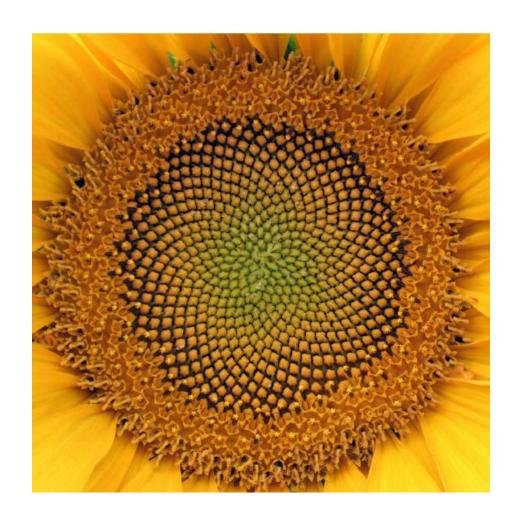
Map overlay

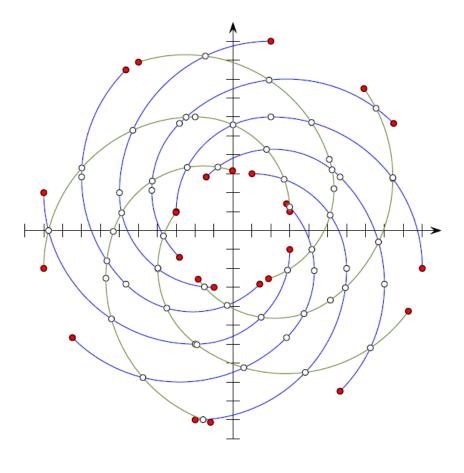




[CGAL arrgs and their applications, FHW]

Map overlay, cont'd





[CGAL arrgs and their applications, FHW]

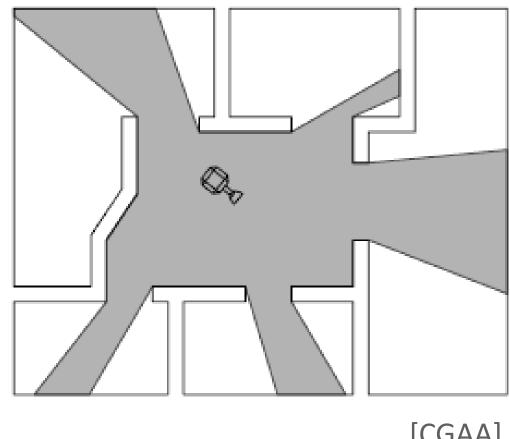
Map overlay, more example

- potential agricultural pollution
- design plan vs. drone maps
- compare Brazil and Australia

 Also, exposes both a representation of arbitrary two-dimensional entities (generalization of polygons) and a fundamental efficient algorithmic padarigm

Art gallery and polygon triangulation

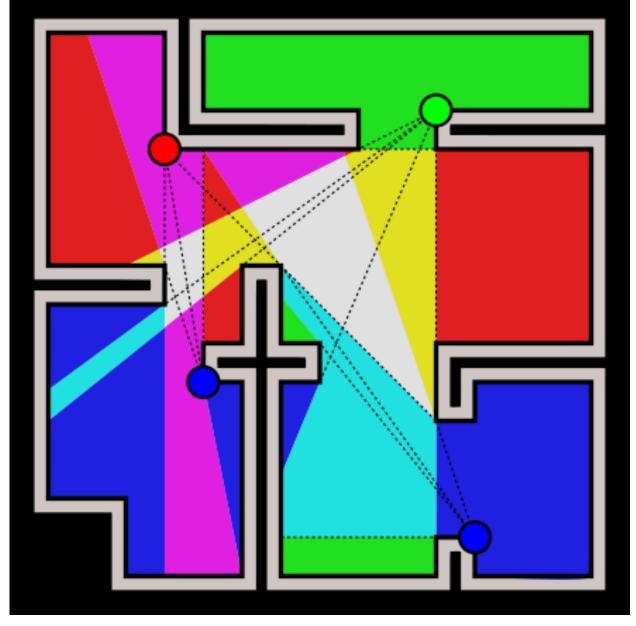
 How many cameras are needed to cover the art gallery?



[CGAA]

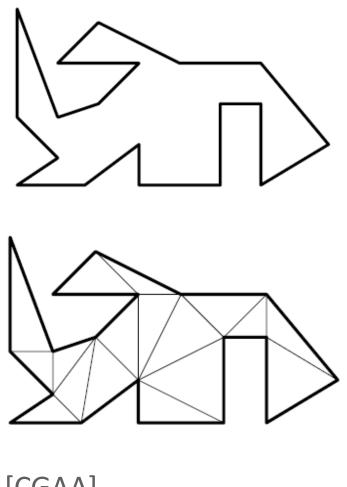
Art gallery, cont'd

 Four cameras cover this art gallery

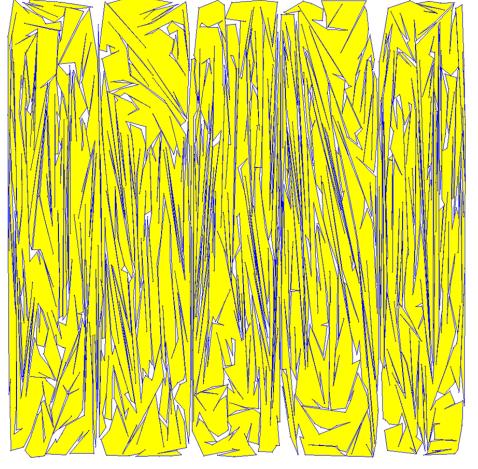


[Wikipedia:art gallery problem]

Art gallery and polygon triangulation, cont'd



[CGAA]



[CG optimization competition, GFH]

Casting and linear programming

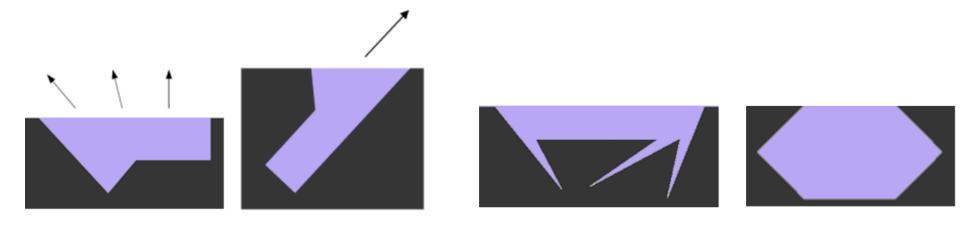




[wikipedia:casting]

Casting and linear programming, cont'd

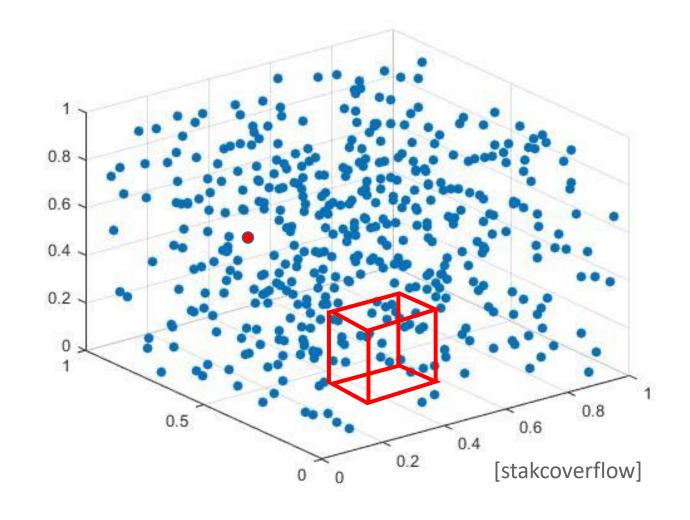
 Can a cast object (polyhedron) be taken out of its mold without breaking the mold?



- Intersection of half-spaces
- Linear programming

Orthogonal range search and nearest-neighbor search

- Nearest-neighbor search
- Orthogonal range search



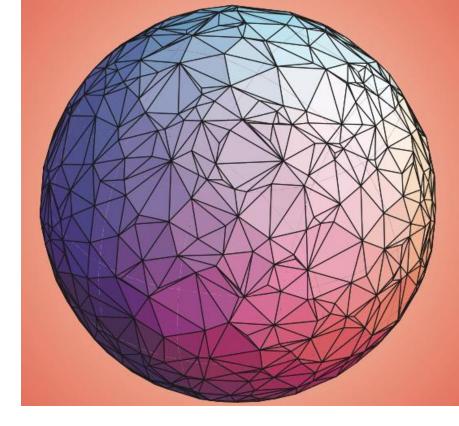
and more ...

- Voronoi diagrams
- Delaunay triangulations
- Smallest enclosing disc
- Point location

Convex hull in 3D

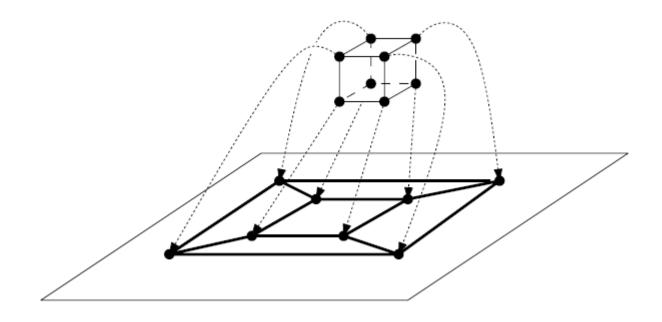
Convex hull in 3D

- the convex hull of a set P of n points in \mathbb{R}^3 is a convex polytope whose vertices are points in P
- it therefore has at most n vertices
- its vertices and edges constitute a planar graph
- CH(P) has at most 2n-4 faces and at most 3n-6 edges



[O'Rourke]

Convex polytopes and planar graphs



• the complexity bounds hold also for non-convex polytopes of genus zero with n vertices

THE END